

## **Amendments to the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in this application:

### **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently amended) A method for determining whether an analyte has a mixed androgen receptor (AR) agonist activity or an AR activity selected from the group consisting of full AR agonist activity and full AR antagonist activity, which comprises:
  - (a) providing a full-length human AR (SEQ ID NO: 2) and an AR ligand binding domain polypeptide (ARLBD);
  - (b) mixing the full-length human AR with the analyte and a labeled agonist in a first binding reaction and determining a first 50% inhibitory concentration (IC<sub>50</sub>) of the analyte for the full-length human AR;
  - (c) mixing the ARLBD with the analyte and the labeled agonist in a second binding reaction and determining a second IC<sub>50</sub> of the analyte for the ARLBD; and
  - (d) comparing the first IC<sub>50</sub> to the second IC<sub>50</sub> wherein a first IC<sub>50</sub> which has less than five-fold difference in binding affinity as a second IC<sub>50</sub> determines that the analyte has the AR activity selected from the group consisting of the full AR agonist activity and the full AR antagonist activity and wherein a second IC<sub>50</sub> which is [[about]] five-fold [[less]] greater than the first IC<sub>50</sub> determines that the analyte has the mixed AR agonist activity.
2. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the full-length human AR and the ARLBD are each provided in a cell extract.
3. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the full-length human AR is provided as an extract from human cells which endogenously express the full-length human AR.
4. (Cancelled)

5. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the ARLBD is expressed in cells selected from the group consisting of yeast cells, human cells, non-human mammalian cells, insect cells, and bacterial cells.
6. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the ARLBD is a non-human ARLBD selected from the group consisting of rat ARLBD, mouse ARLBD, and rhesus monkey ARLBD.
7. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the first and second binding reactions are hydroxyapatite-based displacement reactions.
8. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the labeled agonist is selected from the group consisting of methyltrienolone (R1818) and 5- $\alpha$ -dihydrotestosterone (DHT).
9. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 1 wherein the analyte is determined to have the mixed agonist activity when the second IC<sub>50</sub> is [[about]] five-fold [[less]] greater than the first IC<sub>50</sub>.
10. (Original) The method of Claim 1 which further includes a control binding assay wherein the full-length human AR and the ARLBD are each mixed with an agonist or an antagonist and an IC<sub>50</sub> is determined for the agonist or the antagonist.
11. (Original) The method of Claim 10 wherein the agonist is selected from the group consisting of methyltrienolone (R1881) and 5- $\alpha$ -dihydrotestosterone (DHT) and an IC<sub>50</sub> is determined for the agonist.
12. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein in step (b) the analyte is labeled and the agonist is unlabeled.
13. -16. (Cancelled)

17. (Withdrawn) A method for determining the ratio of agonist to antagonist activity of an analyte having mixed androgen receptor (AR) agonist activity, which comprises:
- (a) providing an analyte which has been determined to have the mixed AR agonist activity according to the method of Claim 1;
  - (b) providing prostrate tumor cells which produce prostrate-specific tumor antigen (PSA) in the presence of an AR agonist;
  - (c) adding the prostrate tumor cells to a medium which includes an agonist to provide a first culture of the cells and adding the prostrate tumor cells to a medium without the agonist to provide a second culture of the cells;
  - (d) adding the analyte of step (a) to the first culture and the second culture and incubating the cells with the analyte for a time sufficient for a control culture of the cells, which includes the agonist and not the analyte, to produce the PSA; and
  - (e) detecting the amount of the PSA produced by the cells in the second culture and the first culture wherein the amount of PSA produced in the second culture and the amount of PSA produced in the first culture determines the ratio of agonist to antagonist activity of the analyte.
18. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 17 wherein the prostrate tumor cells are LnCap cells which are ATCC CRL-1740 or CRL-1740D.
19. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 17 wherein the amount of the PSA is detected by ELISA.
20. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 16 wherein the agonist is selected from the group consisting of methyltrienolone (R1881) and 5- $\alpha$ -dihydrotestosterone (DHT).
21. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying an analyte which has mixed androgen receptor (AR) agonist activity, which comprises:
- (a) providing a full-length human AR and a non-human AR ligand binding domain polypeptide (ARLBD);

- (b) mixing the full-length human AR with the analyte and a labeled agonist in a first binding reaction and determining a first 50% inhibitory concentration (IC50) of the analyte for the full-length human AR;
  - (c) mixing the ARLBD with the analyte and the labeled agonist in a second binding reaction and determining a second IC50 of the analyte for the ARLBD; and
  - (d) comparing the first IC50 to the second IC50 wherein a wherein a second IC50 which is less than the first IC50 identifies the analyte as having the mixed AR agonist activity.
22. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 21 further including determining the ratio of agonist to antagonist activity of the analyte by
- (i) providing prostate tumor cells which produce prostate-specific tumor antigen (PSA) in the presence of an AR agonist;
  - (ii) adding the prostate tumor cells to a medium which includes an agonist to provide a first culture of the cells and adding the prostate tumor cells to a medium without the agonist to provide a second culture of the cells;
  - (iii) adding the analyte to the first culture and the second culture and incubating the cells with the analyte for a time sufficient for a control culture of the cells, which includes the agonist and not the analyte, to produce the PSA; and
  - (iv) detecting the amount of the PSA produced by the cells in the second culture and the first culture wherein the amount of PSA produced in the second culture and the amount of PSA produced in the first culture determines the ratio of agonist to antagonist activity of the analyte.
23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein ARLBD comprises amino acids 622 to 917 of SEQ ID NO: 2.
24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein ARLBD comprises amino acids 601 to 895 of SEQ ID NO: 3.